

Index

- L^2 , xxiii
- adjoint, 69, 94
- ambiguity
 - Doppler, 42, 111
 - function, 33, 35, 38, 40, 47, 48, 64, 122
 - left-right, 47
 - range, 41, 111
 - volume, 35, 122
- ambiguous velocity, 42
- analytic signal, 17, 20, 24
- antenna
 - agile, 123
 - aperture, 85
 - array, 80, 86, 123
 - beamwidth, 87
 - biconical, 74
 - conformal, 81
 - conical spiral, 75
 - design, 123
 - dipole, 73, 85
 - directivity, 88
 - displaced phase center antenna (DPCA), 114
 - electronically steered array (ESA), 87
 - footprint, 6
 - fractal, 79
 - gain, 88
 - horn, 76
 - log-periodic, 76
 - loop, 74
 - microstrip, 78
 - phase center, 88
 - phased array, 87
 - radiation efficiency, 88
 - radiation pattern, 84
 - reception pattern, 91
 - reflector, 77
 - slotted waveguide, 82
 - Spaceborne Imaging Radar, 83
 - spiral, 75
- artifact
 - layover, 102
 - left-right, 47
 - multiple-scattering, 55
- autocorrelation, 26, 122
- azimuth, 100
 - resolution, 100
- backprojection, 94
- bandwidth, 11
- Barker code, 121
- baseband, 14
- beamwidth, 85, 87
- blind speed, 42, 43
- Born approximation, 54, 91, 123
 - artifacts, 55
- C-band, 12, 83
- carrier wave, 12
- Cauchy–Schwarz inequality, xxiv
- challenge problems, 62
- channel
 - frequency band, 104
 - polarization, 104
- chirp, 28, 36, 39, 45
- clutter, 114
- code
 - n -phase, 30, 121
 - Barker, 121
 - binary, 30
 - polyphase, 30, 122
- coherence, 41, 94
- coherent processing interval (CPI), 45
- constitutive relation, 10

- continuous wave (CW), 38, 45
convolution, xxii
correlation, 26
Coulomb gauge, 79
cross-range, 44
cross-range resolution, 66, 100
- data collection manifold, 62, 98
decibel (dB), 14
demodulation, 13, 17, 18
digital signal, 30
Dirac delta function, xxii
divergence theorem, xxiii
Doppler
 ambiguity, 42, 111
 resolution, 37, 39–41, 45
 scale factor, 22
 shift, 23, 47
down-range, 44
 resolution, 65
duplexer, 17
- echo-location, 5
electronically steered array (ESA), 87
Euler's relation, xxi
- far-field approximation, 59, 84
filter, 18, 69, 98
 impulse response, 19
filter bank, 32
filtered backprojection, 69, 94
foliage-penetrating radar (FOPEN), 124
footprint, 6, 92
formal adjoint, 69, 94
Fourier transform, xxii
frequency, 11
 angular, xxiv, 11, 12
 carrier, 12
 radar bands, 12, 122
 radio frequency (RF), 11
frequency bands, 12, 104, 122
fundamental solution, 51
- gauge transformation, 79
Green's function, 52
ground moving target indicator (GMTI),
 113
ground-penetrating radar (GPEN), 125
- group theory, 48, 122
- Hertz, 11
heterodyne, 18
high-range-resolution (HRR), 6, 31
- I/Q demodulation, 17, 18, 24
imaging kernel, 64
impulse response, 19, 64
in-phase, 18
incident field, 52, 55
instantaneous frequency, 28
interferometric SAR (IFSAR, InSAR), 114
inverse source problem, 123
inverse synthetic-aperture radar (ISAR),
 59, 61
iso-Doppler, 47
iso-range, 46
- Ka-band, 12, 125
Ku-band, 12
- L-band, 12, 77, 83
layover, 102
left-right ambiguity, 47
linearly frequency modulated (LFM), 28
Lippmann-Schwinger equation, 53
local oscillator (LO), 17
Lorenz gauge, 80
low-noise amplifier (LNA), 17
- matched filter, 26
Maxwell's equations, 10
modulation, 12, 17, 36
 phase, 20
motion compensation, 113
moving target indicator (MTI), 113
multiple scattering, 30
multiple-input, multiple-output (MIMO),
 126
multistatic, 124
- narrowband, 18
network analyzer, 15
Neumann series, 54
noise, 26
- Ohm's law, xxiv

- over-the-horizon (OTH) radar, 124
- Paley–Wiener theorem, xxii
- perfect electrical conductor (PEC), 11, 21
- persistent radar, 126
- phase, 20, 28
- phased array, 87
- plan position indicator (PPI), 8
- plane wave, 11
- platform, 46
 - radar, 8
- point-spread function (PSF), 31, 33, 47, 64, 95
- polar format algorithm (PFA), 62
- polarization, 104
- projection, 102
 - orthographic, 46
 - perspective, 46
- projection-slice theorem, 68
- pseudodifferential operator, 107
- pseudolocal property, 108
- pulse compression, 26
- pulse repetition frequency (PRF), 41
- pulse train, 41, 45
- pulsed system, 17

- quadrature, 18, 20

- radar system
 - pulsed, 17
 - stepped-frequency, 15
- radar uncertainty principle, 36
- radiation vector, 83
- radio frequency (RF), 11
- Radon transform, 68
- Ram–Lak filter, 19
- range, 3
 - alignment, 61, 69
 - resolution, 37, 38, 40, 41, 45, 65, 101
- range ambiguity, 41, 111
- range-Doppler image, 33, 43
- range-rate, 22
- real-aperture imaging, 6, 113
- rect function, 38
- reflectivity function, 51
- resolution, 37, 45, 99
 - along-track, 100
 - azimuth, 100
 - chirp, 40
 - continuous-wave (CW) pulse, 39
 - cross-range, 66, 100
 - Doppler, 37, 39–41, 45
 - pulse train, 41
 - range, 37, 38, 40, 41, 45, 65, 101
- Riesz potential, 19, 69

- scalar potential, 77
- scattering, 21, 53
- shadow
 - radar, 102
- signal-to-noise ratio (SNR), 26
- signature of a matrix, 97
- sinc function, 29
- singularity, 106
- space-time adaptive processing (STAP), 114

- spectrum
 - power, 28
- speeds
 - ambiguous, 42
- spotlight SAR, 92
- staring radar, 126
- start-stop approximation, 43, 61
- stationary phase theorem, 96
- stepped-frequency system, 15
- stereometry, 115
- stop-and-shoot approximation, 43, 61
- stripmap SAR, 93
- synthetic aperture, 60
- synthetic-aperture radar (SAR), 8, 60, 92, 123
 - interferometry, 117
 - inverse, 61
 - spotlight, 92
 - stripmap, 93

- targets, 30
- time-bandwidth product, 40
- transfer function, 19
- turntable geometry, 61

- ultra-wideband (UWB), 37
- unoccupied aerial vehicles (UAVs), 126

- vector potential, 77

velocity

- ambiguous, 42
- blind, 42
- estimation, 43

wave equation, 10, 11, 51

waveform

- chirp, 28
- coded, 30
- constant-amplitude, 27
- digital, 123
- generator, 17, 123
- high-range-resolution (HRR), 31

wavefront set, 106

wavelength, xxiv, 11, 12

weak scattering, 54

X-band, 12, 83